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September 28, 2000



VIA EXPRESS MAIL LABEL NO.: EL 697189949 US

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Commissioner for Patents U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Washington, D.C. 20231

Attention: Box Patent Applications

Re: TECAN SCHWEIZ AG

U.S. Patent Application

Inventor: Donat Elsener, et al

For : THERMOCYCLER AND LIFTING ELEMENT

Our Ref.: J463-012 US

Sir:

The above-identified utility patent application is transmitted herewith for filing.

Enclosed are:

- Page English Appln., including 14 Claims and 1 Pg. Abstract;
- 2. 3 Sheets of Drawings, Figs. 1-4b;
- 3. Declaration and Power of Attorney Unsigned (3 Pgs.);
- 4. Preliminary Amendment w/ Ex. Mail ID; and
- 5. Check Amt. \$690.00 No. 3205 (Filing Fee w/o Assignment Large Entity).

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Commissioner for Patents September 28, 2000 Page 2

Fee Calculation:

Basic Filing Fee:

690.00

Total No. of Claims Filed: 14 (-20) = x \$18.00

Total No. of Independent

Claims Filed:

1 (-3) = x \$78.00

Multiple Dependent Claims (if present):

\$260.00

Sub-Total:

690.00

SMALL ENTITY (if applicable) REDUCE FILING FEE BY 50%:

\$

Assignment (if applicable):

\$ 40.00

TOTAL FEE:

690.00

Kindly acknowledge receipt of the above items by having your mail room date-stamp and return the attached postcard with a serial number.

Further, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fee under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 14-1431.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter C. Michalos Req. No. 28,643

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:al

Attachments

Patent

Atty. Docket: J463-012 US

VIA EXPRESS MAIL LABEL NO.: <u>EL 697189949</u> US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Donat Elsener, et al

Serial No. : N/A

Filing Date : Concurrently Herewith

Examiner : N/A

Group Art Unit : N/A

For : THERMOCYCLER AND LIFTING ELEMENT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Attention: Box Patent Applications

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Prior to examination, kindly amend the above-identified application, as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 3, line 1: delete "or 2".

Claim 4, line 1: change "any of Claims 1 to 3" to --Claim

1--.

Claim 5, line 1: change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to --Claim 1--.

Claim 6, line 1: change "Claims 4 and 5" to --Claim 4--.

Claim 7, line 1: delete "any of".

line 2: change "Claims 1 to 6" to --Claim 1--.

Claim 9, line 1: delete "or 8".

Claim 11, line 1: delete "or 10".

Claim 13, line 1: change "any of Claims 7 to 12" to --Claim 7--.

Claim 14, line 1: change "any of Claims 7 to 13" to --Claim 7--.

REMARKS

Claims 1-14 are in this application, and presented for the Examiner's consideration.

The claims were amended solely to delete reference to improper multiple dependent claims. No new matter has been added, and entry of this amendment is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter C. Michalos

Req. No. 28,643

Attorney for Applicant(s)

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Dated.

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DESCRIPTION

THERMOCYCLER AND LIFTING ELEMENT

Field of the invention

The invention relates to a thermocycler. Such devices are used for subjecting the content of the wells of microtitre plates to temperature cycles which initiate specific chemical reactions. It also relates to lifting elements for use in thermocyclers.

Prior art

In known thermocyclers of the generic type, there is the problem that the microtitre plate which, in the interests of good heat transfer, rests closely against the heating surface frequently becomes baked onto it and can then be detached from it only with very great difficulty. This either necessitates complicated manipulations or requires suitable and correspondingly heavy and expensive handling devices for applying relatively large forces of 150 N or more. A possible aid is the use of Teflon spray, which can prevent the microtitre plate from baking on. However, this must be repeated for every plate and complicates the procedures.

Summary of the invention

It is the object of the invention to improve a known thermocycler of the generic type so that the microtitre plates can be raised and removed after each treatment without particular application of force. This object is

achieved by the features in the characterizing clause of Claim 1.

It has been found that, as a result of the measures according to the invention, the microtitre plate is raised after removal of the cover, which permits convenient gripping and lifting thereof without application of force. This may substantially facilitate the manual removal of the microtitre plate, but in particular the removal can also be effected without any manual intervention, by means of handling devices of the type otherwise usual in the laboratory.

Furthermore, the invention provides particularly suitable lifting elements for thermocyclers according to the invention.

15 Brief description of the drawings

The invention is explained in more detail below with reference to Figures which show only an embodiment.

- Fig. 1 shows a plan view of the heating plate of a thermocycler according to the invention,
- 20 Fig. 2 shows, on a larger scale, a cut-out from a plan view according to Fig. 1,
 - Fig. 3 shows a perspective view of a lifting element according to the invention,
- Fig. 4a shows a section along IV-IV in Fig. 2, in addition
 with microtitre plate and cover, and

Fig. 4b shows a section corresponding to Fig. 4a with the cover removed.

Description of the preferred embodiments

The thermocycler, which may be suitable, for example, for holding an 8 x 12 microtitre plate having the dimensions 85 mm x 130 mm, has a heating plate 1 which forms a heating surface 3 which is surrounded by an edge strip 2 and is somewhat higher than said edge strip and in which round indentations 4 are arranged in a regular square grid, each of which indentations is surrounded by an all-round wall 5 (Fig. 2) projecting beyond the base level of the heating surface 3. In each case, a blind hole 6 is provided between four indentations 4.

Six lifting elements 7 are arranged in six of the blind

15 holes 6 altogether, distributed approximately uniformly over
the heating surface 3. Each of the lifting elements 7
consists (Fig. 3) of a cylindrical coil spring 8 of
stainless steel, the lowermost winding of which is somewhat
wider than the other windings, and a contact pin 9 whose

20 approximately cylindrical shaft 10 is inserted into the
upper end of the coil spring 8 and is held therein by
friction.

The shaft 10 carries an approximately disc-like head 11 which projects laterally from it and against whose lower surface the upper end of the coil spring 8 abuts, while its upper surface forms a round flat abutting surface 12. The contact pin 9 is rotationally symmetrical and is produced as a single piece from a heat-resistant plastic, such as PEEK, PTFE, FP, PPS or PI, for example by the injection moulding 30 process. It may also consist of, for example, ceramic, but

the production is then as a rule more complicated and more expensive. The contact pin 9 is between 3 mm and 8 mm, preferably about 6 mm, long. The diameter of the abutting surface 12 is between 3 mm and 7 mm, preferably about 5 mm.

5 The lifting element 7 has a length of between 15 mm and 20 mm, preferably of about 16 mm. Its spring constant in the relaxed position is between 5 N/mm and 7.5 N/mm, in particular 6 N/mm. It is of course also possible to choose other dimensions and properties in adaptation to different designs of the heating plate and depending on the density with which the lifting elements 7 are arranged on the heating surface and which is 1 per 18.4 cm² in the case described above and, as a rule, is at least 1 per 30 cm².

The coil spring 8 is dimensioned in each case so that the

15 somewhat wider lowermost winding is slightly radially
compressed in the blind hole 6 so that there is a frictional
lock between said winding and the wall of the blind hole 6.

The lifting element 7 is thus adequately fixed but can
nevertheless easily be removed. The other windings are free

20 from the wall of the blind hole 6 so that the compression of
the coil spring 8 is not hindered.

When the thermocycler is used, the microtitre plate 13, which usually consists of plastic, e.g. polypropylene, is placed on the heating surface 3 (Fig. 4a, 4b) manually or preferably by means of a suitable handling device, e.g. a robot arm, and a hinged cover 14 of the thermocycler is lowered onto said microtitre plate so that each of its wells 15 is pressed into a corresponding indentation 4 and rests against its wall (Fig. 4a). This ensures good heat transfer between the heating plate 1 and the samples in the wells 15. The coil springs 8 of the lifting elements 7, which, in the

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relaxed state, project about 6 mm above the edges of the walls 5, are compressed by the pressure exerted by the microtitre plate 13 on the abutting surfaces 12 of its contact pins 9 and are shortened by 2 to 3 mm.

- 5 After the thermal treatment of the samples in the microtitre plate, which, for example to initiate a PCR reaction, may undergo a relatively large number of temperature cycles, each of which may consist of, for example, heating from 4°C to 96°C with subsequent cooling to 4°C, the cover 14 is swivelled up again. Each of the compressed lifting elements 7 exerts an upward force of about 15 N on the microtitre plate 13. This is sufficient to detach the microtitre plate 13 from the heating surface 3 even if it is baked onto the latter and to raise it, possibly with a delay of a few seconds (Fig. 4b). The microtitre plate 13 raised in this manner and no longer connected to the heating surface 3 can now be removed easily and without application of great force, which again can be effected by a robot arm.
- It has been found that it is generally sufficient if the

 lifting elements together exert a force of about 0.8 N/cm²,

 preferably 1 N/cm², on the microtitre plate. Contact pins

 made of PEEK have proved suitable in that they are thermally

 stable and do not bake onto microplates of the conventional

 materials, such as polypropylene, so that the slight

 frictional lock is sufficient to hold the lifting elements 7

 in the blind holes 6.

Apart from the lifting elements 7, the thermocycler can correspond to a known type, e.g. PTC 225 Tetrad from MJ Research, Inc. It is also possible to retrofit known thermocyclers with lifting elements.

List of reference symbols

- 1 Heating plate
- 2 Edge strip
- 3 Heating surface
- 5 4 Indentation
 - 5 Wall
 - 6 Blind hole
 - 7 Lifting element
 - 8 Coil spring
- 10 9 Contact pin
 - 10 Shaft
 - 11 Head
 - 12 Abutting surface
 - 13 Microtitre plate
- 15 14 Cover
 - 15 Well

PATENT CLAIMS

- 1. Thermocycler having a heating plate (1) which forms a heating surface (3) for holding a microtitre plate (13) whose wells (15) are held in indentations (4) provided in the heating surface (3), and having a cover (14) which can be lowered and raised relative to the heating surface (3), characterized in that a plurality of elastically compressible lifting elements (7) which, at least when the cover (14) is raised, project beyond the edges of the indentations (4) are distributed over the heating surface (3).
 - 2. Thermocycler according to Claim 1, characterized in that the projection of the lifting elements (7) is at least 2 mm, preferably at least 5 mm.
- 15 3. Thermocycler according to Claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the density of the lifting elements (7) is at least 1 per 30 cm².
- 4. Thermocycler according to any of Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that each lifting element (7) is removably fixed to the heating surface (3).
 - 5. Thermocycler according to any of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that each lifting element (7) is inserted into a blind hole (6) in the heating surface (3).
- 25 6. Thermocycler according to Claims 4 and 5, characterized in that the fixing of the lifting element (7) is effected by frictional locking with the walls of the blind hole (6).

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- 7. Lifting element for a thermocycler according to any of Claims 1 to 6, characterized in that it comprises an elongated spring element which is compressible in the longitudinal direction and carries a contact part which forms an abutting surface (12), oriented transversely to the longitudinal direction, at the upper end of the lifting element.
- 8. Lifting element according to Claim 7, characterized in that the contact part consists of plastic, preferably

 10 PEEK, PTFE, FP, PPS or PI.
- 9. Lifting element according to Claim 7 or 8, characterized in that the spring element is in the form of a coil spring (8) and the contact part is in the form of a contact pin (9) which comprises a shaft (10) surrounded by the upper part of the coil spring (8) and a laterally projecting head (11) which rests on the upper end of the coil spring (8) and whose upper surface forms the abutting surface (12).
- 10. Lifting element according to Claim 9, characterized in
 20 that the lowermost winding of the coil spring (8) is
 somewhat wider.
 - 11. Lifting element according to Claim 9 or 10, characterized in that the contact pin (9) is rotationally symmetrical.
- 25 12. Lifting element according to Claim 11, characterized in that both the shaft (10) and the head (11) of the contact pin (9) are essentially cylindrical.

- 13. Lifting element according to any of Claims 7 to 12, characterized in that its length is between 15 mm and 20 mm and the diameter of the abutting surface (12) is at least 3 mm.
- 5 14. Lifting element according to any of Claims 7 to 13, characterized in that its spring constant is at least 5 N/mm.

ABSTRACT

Some of the blind holes (6) between indentations (4) of a heating surface (3) contain lifting elements (7) which, after opening of a cover, release a microtitre plate (13) 5 from the heating surface (3) and raise said microtitre plate about 2 to 3 mm, so that it can be removed without application of force. Each lifting element (7) consists of a coil spring (8) and a contact pin (9) made of, for example, PEEK which is inserted into said coil spring and presses with a round flat abutting surface (12) against the lower surface of the microtitre plate (13). The spring constant of the lifting element (7) is about 6 N/mm.

(Fig. 4b)

Hand Hand

West Teal Sail



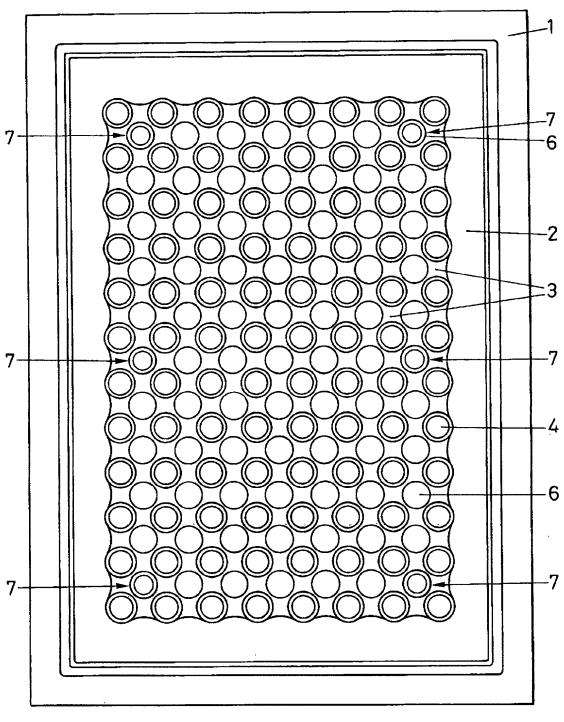
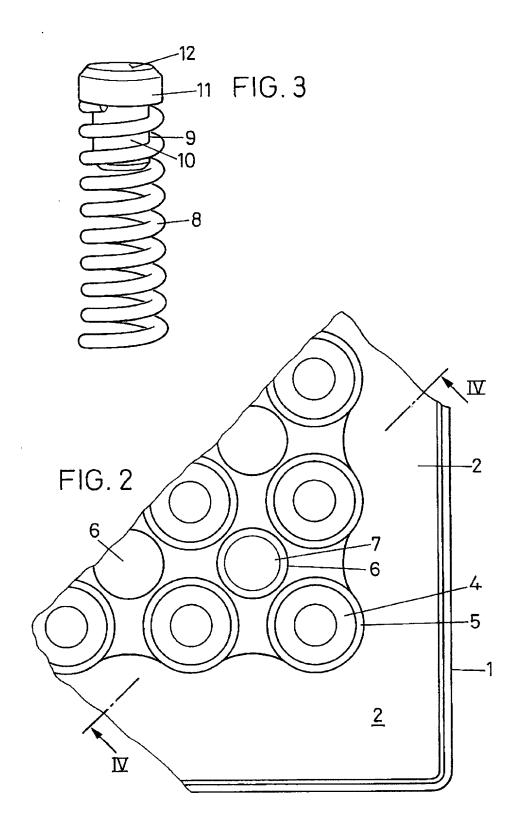
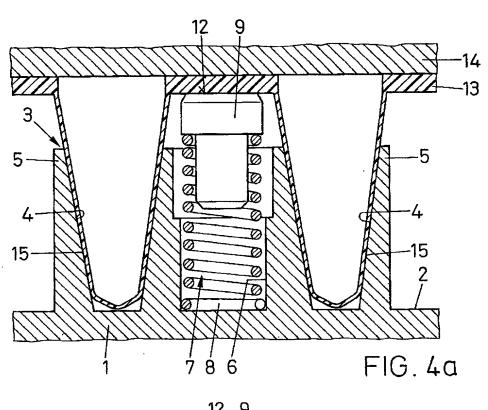


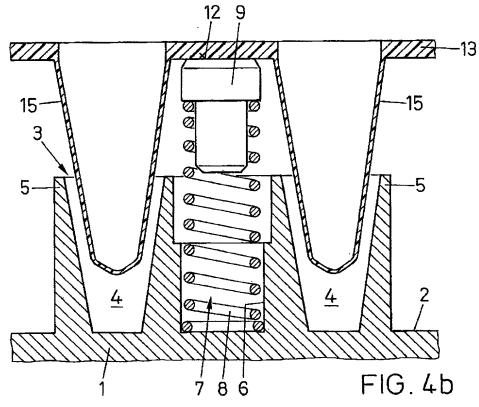
FIG. 1





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Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

THERMOCYCLER AND LIFTING ELEMENT

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

	tion of which	(about one)			
the specification of which (check one):					
[] was	attached heret filed on	al No.		as	and
Was	amended on			(if appl:	rcapie).
I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.					
I acknow material to p Regulations,	patentability a	y to disclose : as defined in '	informati Title 37,	on which Code of	is Federal
I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, \$119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:					
Prior Foreign	Applications			Priority	Claimed
1782/99 (Number)	Switzerland (Country)	29 September (Day/Month/Ye	r, 1999 ar Filed)	Yes [X]	No []
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Yea	ar Filed)	Yes []	No []
I hereby Code, §119(e) Application:	I hereby claim the benefits under Title 35, United States ode, §119(e) of the following United States Provisional				
Application: Priority Claim					Claimed
(Number)	(Day/Month,	Year Filed)		Yes []	No []

Atty. Docket: <u>J463-012</u> US	Atty.	Docket:	J463-012	US
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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below, and insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

This	application	is	a	of	U.S.	Application

Serial No. Filing Date Status (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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	Atty.	Docket:	J463-012 US
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Full name of second inventor, if any			
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Inventor's signature			
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Full name of 6			
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